

RUSTMASTERS Pty Ltd

SAFETY DATA SHEET MATERIAL

Product Name: Rustmasters Metalmaster

Issued: Aug 1 2013

Section 1 Identification of Chemical Product and Company

Company Name and Address Rustmasters Pty Ltd
59 Pine Avenue
Ulong NSW 2450
Ph 02 66545422 Fax 02 66545322

Substance: Resin in liquid hydrocarbon. Aluminium leaf – Zinc Phosphate.
Trade Name: Rustmasters Metalmaster
Product Use: Coating of metal to prevent and pacify corrosion.
Creation Date: August 2013 and is valid for 5 years from this date.

Section 2 - Hazards Identification.

Statement of Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as: Xn, Harmful. Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.
Classified as Dangerous Good according to the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code.
Product is a C1 Combustible Liquid and for storage meets the definition of Dangerous Goods.

Risk Phrases: R65, R66. Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. Repeat exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Safety Phrases: S23, S36, S46, S24/25. Do not breathe vapours or spray mists. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately and show this MSDS or label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

SUSDP Classification: None allocated.

ADG Classification: Class 3 Flammable

UN Number: 1263

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & colour: Silver Grey Coloured liquid.

Odour: Characteristic hydrocarbon odour.

Major Health Hazards: Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed, irritating to eyes and skin.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Short term exposure: Available data shows that this product is a Central Nervous System depressor, may cause unconsciousness on prolonged high exposure. In addition product may be irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

Skin Contact

Short term exposure: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. However product is a skin irritant. Symptoms may include itchiness and reddening of contacted skin.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure

Short term exposure: This product may be irritating to eyes, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

Long Term Exposure; No data for health effects associated with long term exposure.

Ingestion:

Short term Exposure: Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. Available data shows this product is harmful, but symptoms are not available. This product is also an oral irritant. Symptoms may include burning sensation and reddening of skin in mouth and throat. Other symptoms may also become evident, but all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

Long Term exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term exposure.

NOHSC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.

NTP: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Section 3 – Composition/information on Ingredients.

Ingredients	CAS No	UN NO	Proportion
Aluminium	None Assigned	N/A	30-60%
Drying Alkyd	68459-31-4	1993	30-60%
Drying Oils	None Assigned	N/A	10-29%
White Spirit	8042-47 –5	1300	30-60%
Solvesso 100	64742-95-6	1268	1-9%
Butanol	71-36-3	1120	<1 %
Additives	None Assigned	N/A	<1%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible. The TWA value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that should not be exceeded for more than 15 minutes and should not be repeated for more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term (peak) is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

General Information:

You should call the Poisons information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 131126 anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this MSDS with you when you call.

Inhalation: If symptoms of poisoning become evident call the Poisons Information Centre or call a doctor at once. Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema can be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure.

Skin Contact: Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water (use non-abrasive if necessary) for 20 minutes or until product is removed. Under gently running water remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods(watchbands & belts). Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and obtain medical advice.

Eye Contact: Quickly and gently blot away or brush away product. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm gently flowing water until the product is removed or until a few minutes after irritation has ceased, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse water into unaffected eye or onto face. Obtain medical advice if irritation becomes painful or lasts more than a few minutes.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call doctor.

Section 5 – Fire fighting measures

Fire and Explosion Hazards: This product is classified as a C1 combustible product. There is a minimal risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Firefighters should take care and take appropriate precautions. Any explosion will likely spread the fire to surrounding materials. Water spray may be used to cool drums involved in fire, reducing the chance of explosion. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream on hot liquids. Vapours from this product are heavier than air and may accumulate in pits, sumps and other low-lying areas, forming potentially explosive mixes. They may also flash back considerable distances.

Fire decomposition products may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

Extinguishing media: Preferred extinguishing media are carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog. Foam is the preferred medium for large fire. Ensure that no spillage enters drains or water courses.

Fire Fighting: When fighting fires involving significant quantities of this product, wear a splash suit complete with self contained breathing apparatus.

Flash point	60 deg C
Upper Flammability Limit	12%
Lower Flammability Limit	no data
Autoignition temperature	no data
Flammability Class	3

Section 6 – Accidental release Measures

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Immediately call the Fire Brigade. Wear full protective chemically resistant clothing including eye/face protection, gauntlets and self contained breathing apparatus. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC, Viton. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective glasses and, preferably, goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. It should be fitted with a type A cartridge, suitable for organic vapours. Otherwise, not normally necessary.

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Avoid using sawdust or other combustible material. Any electrical equipment should be non-sparking. Any equipment capable of building an electrostatic charge should be electrically grounded. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly.

Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this MSDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed.

The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Storage: Note that this product is combustible and therefore for Storage meets the definition of Dangerous Goods in some states. If you store large quantities (tonnes) of such products we suggest that you consult your state's Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations regarding their storage. Store in a cool, well ventilated area, and make sure that surrounding electrical devices and switches are suitable. Check containers periodically for leaks. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination and possible evaporation. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Materials to avoid" in Section 10. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Industrial Clothing: **AS2919**, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

Exposure Limits	TWA (mg/m ³)
STEL (mg/m ³)	

Exposure limits have not been established by NOHSC for any of the significant ingredients in this product.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Ventilation: Forced air ventilation should always be activated when using this product. Always make sure that the work environment remains clean and that vapours and mists are minimised.

Eye Protection: Protective glasses or goggles should be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may cause them harm. Emergency eye wash facilities are also recommended in an area close to where this product is being used.

Skin Protection: It is essential that all skin areas are adequately covered by impermeable gloves, overalls, hair covering, apron and face shield. See below for suitable material types.

Protective Material Types: We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, PVC, Viton.

Respirator: Respirator use is necessary when using this product. Always consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should be provided.

near to where this product is being used

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties:

Physical Description & colour:	Honey Coloured liquid.
Odour:	Characteristic hydrocarbon odour
Boiling Point:	Approx 180 °C at 100kPa
Freezing/Melting Point:	No specific data. Liquid at normal temperature
Volatiles:	Approx 57%
Vapour Pressure:	No data
Vapour Density:	No data
Specific Gravity:	Approx 0.9
Water Solubility:	Negligible
pH:	No data
Volatility:	No data
Odour Threshold: Evaporation Rate:	No data.
Coess Oil/water distribution	No data
Autoignition temp:	No data.

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid: This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Keep away from sources of sparks or ignition. Handle and open containers carefully. Any electrical equipment in the area of this product should be flame proofed.

Incompatibilities: Oxidising agents.

Fire Decomposition: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

Polymerisation: Polymerisation reactions are unlikely; they are not expected to occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Local Effects:

Target Organs: There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient Risk Phrases

No ingredient mentioned in the List of Designated Hazardous Substances is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.

Long term exposure may cause liver and kidney diseases, respiratory diseases including asthma and bronchitis, eye and skin diseases including eczema and sensitisation.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Insufficient data to be sure of status.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Containers should be emptied as completely as practical before disposal. If possible, recycle containers either in-house or send to recycle company. If this is not practical, send to a commercial waste disposal site. Please do NOT dispose into sewers or waterways.

Section 14 - Transport Information

ADG Code: This product is classified as a Dangerous Good. DG special transport conditions are necessary.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

AICS: All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are to be found in the public AICS Database.

Section 16 - Other Information

This MSDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:

ADG Code Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS number Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Hazchem Number Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission

NOS Not otherwise specified

NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)

R-Phrase Risk Phrase

SUSDP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs & Poisons

UN Num United Nations Number

TELEPHONE (Business hours 02 66545422 Fax: (02) 66545322

National Poisons Information Centre:

Dial 13 1126 (from anywhere in Australia)

THIS MSDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER SHOULD READ THIS MSDS AND CONSIDER THE INFORMATION IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE INCLUDING IN CONJUNCTION WITH OTHER PRODUCTS. IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY. THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This MSDS is prepared in accord with the NOHSC document "National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets" 2nd Edition [NOHSC:2011(2003)]